

## THE TRUE NORTHERNER.

Published Every Wednesday.

PAW PAW, MICH., OCT. 15, 1890.

### REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor, JAMES M. TURNER, Of Ingham.  
For Lieutenant-Governor, WILLIAM S. LINTON, Of Saginaw.  
For Secretary of State, REV. WASHINGTON GARDNER, Of Calhoun.  
For State Treasurer, JOSEPH B. MOORE, Of Wayne.  
For Auditor General, THERON F. GIDDINGS, Of Kalamazoo.  
For Commissioner of the State Land Office, JOHN G. BERRY, Of Otsego.  
For Attorney General, BENJAMIN W. HUSTON, Of Tazewell.  
For Superintendent of Public Instruction, ORR SCHURTZ, Of Eaton.  
For Member of State Board of Education, JAMES M. BALLOU, Of Allegan.  
For Justice of the Supreme Court, EDWARD CAHILL, Of Ingham.  
**CONGRESSIONAL.**  
For Representative in Congress, JULIUS C. BURROWS.  
**LEGISLATIVE.**  
For State Senator—Tenth District, JAN W. GARVELINK, Of Allegan.  
For Representative—First District, CHARLES L. EATON.  
For Representative—Second District, MILAN WIGGINS.

### COUNTY.

For Sheriff, NATHAN THOMAS.  
For Clerk, A. THROST ANDERSON.  
For Treasurer, HIRAM K. WELLS.  
For Register of Deeds, THOMAS C. TYNER.  
For Prosecuting Attorney, JOHN L. BRECK.  
For Circuit Court Commissioners, JAMES E. CHANDLER, LINCOLN H. TITUS.  
For Coroner, W. F. CONNOR.  
A. S. HASKIN.

### THE McKINLEY BILL.

What a Republican Member of the Conference Committee Says.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean of the 29th ult. prints the following dispatch from Washington:

Mr. Dingley, of Maine, a member of the conference committee, who is as profound a student of the tariff as there is in either house, furnishes this summary of the effect of the tariff bill: "I affirm that it is a measure to diminish the burdens of the people and increase the prosperity of the country. The protective policy proceeds on the assumption that a duty imposed on an article which we cannot produce, is a tax which increases the cost of such article to the consumer to the extent of the duty; but that a protective duty imposed upon an article which we can produce here substantially to the extent of our wants, is not a tax which increases the burden to the consumer."

"This is due to the fact that the duty in the latter case simply secures the production or manufacture of the article here instead of abroad at the lowest cost possible with the payment of wages of labor 77 per cent higher on the average in this country than in Europe; and this encouragement of home industries not only makes everything cost the consumer less than in any other country in the world, but also exerts a potent influence in reducing the 'cost' of production by giving a stimulus to skill and inventive genius. Carrying out this protective policy, the proposed tariff transfers to the free list imports which in the last fiscal year were valued at \$109,323,000, and which paid a duty, in this case a tax on consumers, amounting to \$60,936,536. The Mills bill, so-called, transferred less than \$23,000,000 to the free list."

"The effect of this large addition to the free list is to make nearly 50 per cent of the imports of the United States absolutely free of duty, inasmuch as on the basis of last year's imports the value of those which are to be admitted free of duty under the proposed tariff would be \$366,806,710 against \$275,624,687 dutiable. This will give us the largest measure of 'freedom of trade' ever accorded by any tariff act in this country. Indeed, prior to 1820 almost no imports were admitted free of duty. Even under the so-called 'low tariff' of 1846 the imports free of duty were only 12 per cent; under the Mills bill, so-called, the free goods would have been only 40 per cent, while under the McKinley tariff nearly 50 per cent of all our imports will be absolutely free of duty."

"When it is borne in mind that the articles transferred to the free list by the proposed tariff includes such materials used by our industries as jute, jute butts, manilla, sisal grass, nickel and nickel plate, and such articles of food as sugar, molasses and dried currants, the importance of this legislation will be appreciated. The proposed tariff not only reduces the revenue (estimated between \$40,000,000 and \$60,000,000) but also reduces the average rate of duty on all imports (which of course is the true measure of the tariff) from 30 per cent ad valorem as against 28 1/2 per cent proposed by the Mills bill. In 1830 the average duty on all imports was 43 1/2 per cent; in 1868, under the so-called war tariff, it was 46 1/2 per cent. The proposed reduction of the average duty on all imports to 27 per cent shows how large has been the tariff reduction which has been made by the Republican party

since the war, and is a sufficient answer to the charge that we are maintaining the war tariff."

MR. YAPLE, the Democratic candidate for Congress from this district, appeared before a Paw Paw audience, as per announcement, Monday evening. There was a good deal of curiosity felt by quite a number of Republicans as to what the gentleman could say in defense of the attitude of the party he is so willing to represent in congress, so at least one-third of those present were Republicans. The speaker started off with a rehash of the discarded and defunct theories of the party at whose head he hypocritically posed on his debut in politics. He inveighed against National banks, and the per cent they were making out of the currency issued by the dear people, but forgot to tell his audience that during the short lease of power of the Democratic party Mr. Cleveland deposited a large share of the surplus in the treasury with favorite National banks, without a cent of interest or benefit accruing in any way to the government, instead of applying it toward the payment of the public debt. He also forgot to state that President Harrison, on coming into office, at once recalled these deposits and placed them within the proper custody of the government, and that during the nineteen months of his incumbency as Chief Executive he has paid on the public debt the enormous sum of \$256,000,000.

He advocated free and unlimited coinage of silver, but forgot to tell his confiding hearers that the Democratic party during Cleveland's administration was a tenacious stickler for a gold standard, and did everything in its power to discredit silver and drive it out of the monetary system of the United States. He forgot to say that Cleveland, in a letter made public before his inauguration, fully committed himself and party to Wall street on that question, and never abated his efforts one whit from the beginning to the ending of his party's brief and melancholy political career. He took good care not to mention to those present that a Republican congress had just passed a law authorizing the purchase of silver and the coinage of legal tender silver dollars to the amount of 4,500,000 per month—the full capacity of the mints; and that silver certificates were to be issued, based upon these, and made a full legal tender for the payment of all debts, public or private.

His discussion soon degenerated into a profuse statement of stale and repudiated platitudes, and demonstrated that his knowledge of the question was superficial and his arguments, if such they may be called, were the most demagogical and misleading. He undertook to deal with the McKinley bill, but soon gave conclusive evidence that he did not understand it or meant to mislead his hearers. For instance, he spoke of the American manufacturer importing raw material and then having 99 per cent of the duty refunded after the material had been worked into fabrics, &c., thereby leaving the impression that the raw material could by this kind of jugglery be admitted by the ultimate payment of one per cent duty. He grossly misstated the letter and spirit of the law. The fact is, there is only a rebate of the 99 per cent when the finished article is, after its manufacture, exported, and thus not brought into competition with manufactured American raw material—the object being to give the American artisan the benefit of manipulating it.

So we might go on, exposing the fallacy of Mr. Yaple's speech from beginning to end, but it is hardly worth while, as its weaknesses were apparent on their face, and no intelligent voter who is not willing to be deceived will be deceived thereby. His wheedling and evident lack of knowledge of the subject he grappled with lowered the respect a good many have heretofore borne for him.

The annual report of Pension Commissioner Raum shows that during the last fiscal year 537,944 names were carried on the pension rolls, and 66,637 original claims were allowed. The commissioner regards the "completed files" scheme as important. He urges that the rate of pension to those incapacitated for manual labor should be increased from \$20 to \$50 per month. The commissioner closes with the statement that there are at least 100,000 claims which can properly be allowed under the regulations approved September 26th.

HAMILTON, Oct. 13th, 1890.  
ED. NORTHERNER: Does Mr. O. A. Goss belong to the Patrons of Industry?  
Yours truly, P. O. I.

To the above inquiry we would say: Mr. Goss is not a member of the order known as Patrons of Industry, and he so stated in the Democratic convention at the time of his nomination.—Ed.

### The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it, is that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery never after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with a cough, cold or any Throat, Lung or Chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottles free at Dr. J. D. Hamilton's drug store.

J. D. HAMILTON, M. D.

## WALL PAPER,

New, clean and tasty, will add greatly to the cheerfulness of any household, and at present the

### WOLVERINE PHARMACY

is putting out extra inducements to anticipating buyers, in the way of very low prices and as complete a stock to select from as may be found in the county.

## PAINT

will also greatly assist in making your home more pleasant and attractive. Anyone buying paint wishes, of course, to get the best. Many are misled and are made to believe a cheap article will answer the purpose as well as first-class goods.

HEATH & MILLIGAN'S paints have been before the public longer than any other brand in this vicinity, and have stood the test, proving victorious always.

PURE WHITE LEAD! PURE LINSEED OIL! BRUSHES, VARNISHES, in fact everything pertaining to Paint and Wall Paper, may be found at THE WOLVERINE PHARMACY. Headquarters for

Drugs, Cigars, Tobaccos, Confectionery and Toilet Articles.

J. D. HAMILTON, M. D.

## Mrs. J. D. HAMILTON

Has just opened a fine line of Fall Millinery and invites the ladies of Paw Paw and vicinity to call and examine her goods.

Satisfaction is guaranteed when we state that the Trimming Department is under the management of Miss EDITH McROBERTS.

H. W. SHOWERMAN--BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS.

## JACK FROST

HAS SAID TO THE PEOPLE, "IT'S TIME TO GET YOUR FOOTWEAR." WE ARE READY WITH OUR COLD WEATHER BARGAINS, FINE GOODS AND PLENTY OF THEM.

One Aim—TO KEEP THE BEST.  
One Principle—FAIR DEALING.  
One Ambition—TO PLEASE THE TRADE.  
One Price—THE LOWEST.  
Our Welcome Word—BARGAINS.

Call and see our \$2 Calf Boots.  
Call and see our \$1.50 Stoga Boots.  
Call and see our \$2 Rubber Boots.

The above Goods are all BARGAINS.

We have other bargains in the way of Clothing which will surprise you.

Knee Pant Suits, - - - \$1.00  
Men's Suits for \$ 5. Worth \$ 7.50  
Men's Suits for 10. Worth 12.50  
Men's Overcoats 5. Worth 6.50  
Men's Overcoats 10. Worth 12.50

These Prices are less than they can be bought for at Wholesale with the present advance on goods.



The Little Giant School Shoe (a cut of which is shown herewith) has always been a favorite with the School Children, for they have given honest wear and can be found at this store in all sizes.

Our Goods are all Brand New, Neat and Stylish. We are all fixed up for BARGAIN SEEKERS with the finest line of goods that ever filled the shelves of a first-class store.

H. W. SHOWERMAN.

LEGAL NOTICE

\$18.35

See what a Bargain you can get for the above amount in a SOLID ANTIQUE OAK BEDROOM SUIT, for

\$18.35

Prentice & Goodale,  
Furniture Dealers  
And  
Undertakers,  
Paw Paw, Mich.

**MORTGAGE SALE.**—Default having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage of mortgage, bearing date the 13th day of February, A. D. 1887, executed by James C. Clark and Harriet Clark, of Van Buren county, Michigan, to W. R. Hawkins, of said county, and which mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Van Buren county, Michigan, in Liber thirty-six of Mortgages, on page 134, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1887, and in which mortgage there is claimed to be due and owing to said mortgagee the sum of two hundred and forty-four dollars and ninety-five cents (\$244.95) with interest on said note and mortgage, and no proceedings having been taken at law or in equity have been instituted to collect the amount now due and owing on said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale therein contained, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the village of Paw Paw, in said county and state, (that being the place of holding the circuit court for said county), on Saturday, the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1890, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, the premises described in said mortgage, by so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, with interest and costs and an attorney fee of fifteen dollars provided for in said mortgage; the premises being described as follows, to-wit: The south three-quarters of section twenty-one (21); also, the north half of the north half of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section twenty-eight (28), all in township two (2) south of range sixteen (16) west, in Van Buren county, state of Michigan, containing forty acres of land, be the same more or less.

Dated August 27th, 1890. 184913-10161

WM. H. MARSH, Att'y for Mortgagee.

**PROBATE ORDER.**—State of Michigan. County of Van Buren.—At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, held at the probate office in the village of Paw Paw, on Wednesday, the 17th day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety:

Present, Hon. Benjamin F. Heckert, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Adelbert Ellis, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Eva Ellis, wife of said deceased, praying, for reasons therein set forth, that administration of said estate may be granted to Eli S. Siny, or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 20th day of October, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the True Northerner, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, for three successive weeks at least previous to said day of hearing.

5344056 BENJ. F. HECKERT, Judge of Probate.

**PROBATE ORDER.**—State of Michigan. County of Van Buren.—At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, held at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Wednesday, the 24th day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety:

Present, Hon. Benjamin F. Heckert, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Smith Shelters, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John Lyle, executor of the estate of said deceased, praying that a certain instrument in writing on file in said court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be proved, allowed and admitted to probate as such, and that execution thereof may be granted to said executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, That Monday, the 27th day of October, 1890, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and all persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the True Northerner, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Van Buren, for three successive weeks at least previous to said day of hearing.

5444057 BENJ. F. HECKERT, Judge of Probate.

**ORDER FOR HEARING CLAIMS.**

State of Michigan, County of Van Buren.—At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, held at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Wednesday, the 24th day of September, A. D. 1890, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Catherine Hoffman, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, for examination and allowance, on or before the 30th day of March, 1891, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Monday, the 23rd day of December, 1890, and on Monday, the 30th day of March, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated September 24th, A. D. 1890.

5445058 BENJ. F. HECKERT, Judge of Probate.

**MORTGAGE SALE.**—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 24th day of March, A. D. 1887, executed by Charles A. Slack, of Vicksburg, Kalamazoo county, Michigan, to S. Hawkins, of Van Buren county and state of Michigan, and which mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan on the 25th day of September, A. D. 1887, in Liber 44 of Mortgages, on page 11, and in which mortgage there is claimed to be due and owing to said mortgagee the sum of thirty-two dollars (\$32.00) and no suit at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the amount now due on said mortgage, or any part thereof, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in such case made and provided, I will, on Saturday, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1890, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, at the front door of the court house for the county of Van Buren, in the village of Paw Paw, Michigan, (that being the place of holding the circuit court for the county of Van Buren), sell to the highest bidder the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount now due on said mortgage, with interest and costs, and an attorney fee of fifteen dollars, provided for in said mortgage; the premises being described as follows, to-wit: The south-west quarter of the south-west quarter of section number thirty-two (32) in township one (1) south of range fifteen (15) west, Van Buren county, Michigan, containing forty acres of land, be the same more or less. This sale is subject to another mortgage of three hundred dollars.

Dated October 1, 1890.

S. HAWKINS, Mortgagee.

L. N. BURN, Att'y for Mortgagee. 54413066

**MORTGAGE SALE.**—Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 11th day of December, A. D. 1882, by George Phillips, of Paw Paw, Van Buren county, Michigan, to W. R. Hawkins, of the same place, to secure the payment of one hundred dollars and the interest, which mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Van Buren county, state of Michigan, in Liber 31 of Mortgages on page 159 on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1882, at 4 o'clock p. m., on which mortgage there is claimed to be due and owing to said mortgagee the sum of four hundred dollars and ninety-four cents, and an attorney fee of ten dollars, as provided for in said mortgage, and no proceedings having been taken at law or in equity to recover the money secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in such case made and provided, there will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the village of Paw Paw, in said county of Van Buren, (said court house being the place of holding the circuit court for said county), the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so due, with interest and all legal costs, on Friday, the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon of said day; said premises being described as follows, to-wit: Lot number three (3) and the east half (1/2) of lot number five (5) of lot number two (2) in block number fifty-five (55) of the village of Paw Paw, in the county of Van Buren and state of Michigan, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated October 8th, 1890.

FRANK W. SELLICK, Mortgagee.

WM. H. MARSH, Att'y for Mortgagee. 54413067

**NOTICE FOR HEARING CLAIMS.**

State of Michigan, County of Van Buren.—At a session of the probate court for the county of Van Buren, held at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, on Wednesday, the 17th day of September, A. D. 1890, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of John Donovan, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, at the probate office, in the village of Paw Paw, for examination and allowance, on or before the 15th day of April next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on Monday, the 15th day of April next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each of those days.

Dated October 7th, A. D. 1890.

5445059 BENJ. F. HECKERT, Judge of Probate.

ALL KINDS OF

JOB WORK

DONE AT THIS OFFICE.